The UN Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND)

Guide for NGO Participants for the Ministerial Segment and the 62nd Session
(14-22 March 2019)
About the VNGOC

The Vienna NGO Committee on Drugs (VNGOC) is a non-governmental organisation (NGO) registered in Austria. It was founded in 1983 and has worked to provide and develop the link between NGOs and the international drug control bodies based in Vienna\(^1\). Its objective is to support NGOs in their work with the United Nations (UN) system on matters related to drug policy, strategy and practice. The VNGOC has around 200 members, ranging from large international NGOs with millions of members to specialist NGOs at international, national and local levels providing a wide range of interventions to prevent illicit/harmful drug use and related problems.

The VNGOC has a long history of activity in relation to the UN international drug control system. It has held side events and made statements at every Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND) annual session for the last 25 years. It has organized four NGO world forums and participated in three General Assembly Special Sessions, as well as in a number of UN and intergovernmental conferences. It has developed annual informal dialogues for NGOs representatives to interact with the Chairperson of the CND, the Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), and the President of the International Narcotics Control Board (INCB). In 2017, the VNGOC signed a Memorandum of Understanding with UNODC to support their collaborations together.\(^2\)

Further information about the role and activities of the VNGOC can be found at its web site, [www.vngoc.org](http://www.vngoc.org). We encourage you to visit our site and provide feedback on our work. NGOs are encouraged to apply for membership and to contribute directly to the further development of NGO engagement with national, regional and international drug control systems. The application form can be found on our web site.

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1. UN Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND), United Nations Office on Drugs (UNODC) and International Narcotics Control Board (INCB)

About this Guide

The Guide is arranged in five parts, and is updated on an annual basis.

The first part is about the structure and organisation of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND). In this section you will find a short history of the Commission and its place within the United Nations system. This section also describes how the Commission operates and explains some of the terms commonly used.

The second part is about how NGOs can engage with the Commission. In this section the different opportunities are presented including work with Member States before the session opens, contributing to the work of the Commission while it is in session and follow up activity when the Commission has ended. This section also advises on some of the constraints for NGOs and how best you can make yourself heard.

The third part provides practical information. This covers arriving in Vienna, and information about the facilities and services available to NGOs at the Vienna International Centre. A short check list is included so that you can make sure you have covered all key points.

The fourth part provides useful links and contacts. Many of these will already have been mentioned in the text of the document, but for ease of reference they have all been placed in one section with a brief description of the link or contact.

The fifth part is a new addition for 2019, and outlines a draft code of conduct to support NGOs to engage and utilize the CND in the most effective and productive way possible.

We hope that you find this Guide helpful. If you have any feedback or suggestions for improvement, please send your comments, if possible with specific suggestions, to info@vngoc.org.

Welcome to Vienna,

Jamie Bridge
Chairperson
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What is the CND?

The Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND) was established in 1946 as a functional Commission of the UN Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC). Functional Commissions are provided for under the UN Charter to carry out specific responsibilities assigned to ECOSOC. In addition to CND, there are eight other functional Commissions. As a functional Commission, the CND assists ECOSOC in supervising the application of international conventions and agreements dealing with narcotic drugs. It is the principal policy-making body within the UN system on drug control issues. It is also the governing body of the UNODC and approves their budgets and policies related to drugs.

The CND reports to ECOSOC and advises on all aspects of the control of narcotic drugs, psychotropic substances and their precursors. Under the Single Convention (1961) and the Psychotropic Drugs Convention (1971), on the basis of advice from the World Health Organisation (WHO), the CND can add drugs to, or remove them from, international control under the conventions, or can change the schedule(s) under which they are listed. Under the Illicit Trafficking Convention (1988), on the advice of the International Narcotics Control Board (INCB), the CND can bring under international control chemicals frequently used in the manufacture of illicit drugs.

Who are the Members?

Out of the 193 sovereign states that are members of the UN, there are 53 members of the CND elected by ECOSOC for four-year terms. The allocation of seats is based on regions: 11 from Africa, 11 from Asia, 10 from Latin America and the Caribbean, 6 from Eastern Europe, and 14 from Western Europe and other States. (The final seat alternates between Asia and the Latin America and the Caribbean regions every four years).

The CND members for 2019 are: Afghanistan, Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Côte d’Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Czech Republic, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ecuador, El Salvador, France, Germany, Guatemala, Hungary, India, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Mauritania, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Peru, Qatar, Republic of Korea, the Russian Federation, Slovakia, South Africa,
Spain, Sudan, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Uganda, the United States of America, and Uruguay. In practice, however, states are able to participate in the CND whether or not they are members.

Who are the Officers?

The Officers of the Commission are the Chairperson, First Vice-Chairperson, Second Vice-Chairperson, Third Vice-Chairperson and the Rapporteur (who prepares the meeting report which is submitted to ECOSOC). Collectively the Officers are referred to as the Bureau of CND. At the end of each session, the CND elects its Bureau for the next session. The Bureau plays an active role in the preparation of the regular and the inter-sessional meetings of the Commission.

The Officers are nominated by the regional groups (Africa, Asia, Eastern Europe, Western Europe and other States, Latin America and the Caribbean) and each region takes it in turn to hold one of the posts. To assist the Chairperson, there is also an Extended Bureau comprising the CND Bureau, the Chairs of the five regional groups, the Chair of the Group of 77 and China, and the representative of the country holding the Presidency of the European Union.

For the 62nd session of the Commission, the Officers are:

- **Chairperson:** H.E. Ambassador Mirghani Abbaker Altayeb Bakhet of Sudan
- **First Vice-Chairperson:** H.E. Ambassador Kazem Gharib Abadi of the Islamic Republic of Iran
- **Second Vice-Chairperson:** to be confirmed by the Group of Eastern European States
- **Third Vice-Chairperson:** H.E. Ambassador Maria Assunta Accili Sabbatini of Italy
- **Rapporteur:** Mr. Alvaro Salcedo Teullet of Peru

How does the CND Operate?

**Frequency of meetings**

The Commission meets annually, usually in March, for five days. It also reconvenes at the end of the year to appoint the new Bureau and deal with administrative and budgetary issues. Usually the March meeting is far larger than the December one, with representatives attending from relevant national government ministries. The reconvened session includes a joint meeting with the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice (CCPCJ), as most of the administrative and budgetary issues are common to both Commissions.

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Intersessional meetings may also be organized between March and December to continue or advance discussions. These meetings are open to NGO representatives with ECOSOC consultative status.

The Ministerial Segment 2019

In 2019, an extra two days have been added to the usual CND meeting, for a high-level Ministerial Segment. This is because it has been ten years since the adoption of the Political Declaration and Plan of Action on International Cooperation towards an Integrated and Balanced Strategy to Counter the World Drug Problem. In this Declaration, Member States established 2019 as a target date for the goals set out in the Political Declaration.

In CND Resolution 60/1, the Commission decided to convene a Ministerial Segment. The Ministerial Segment will include a general debate as well as two interactive, multi-stakeholder round tables.

The formal structure

The formal rules for the organisation and functioning of the Commission are the Rules of Procedure for Functional Commissions of the Economic and Social Council. The involvement of NGOs in Consultative Status with ECOSOC is based on Resolution 1996/31 of ECOSOC.

To allow the Commission to complete its agenda, the regular March meeting comprises a Plenary session (in Board Room B) and a parallel Committee of the Whole, or CoW (in Board Room A). In the Plenary there is debate on implementation of the drug control treaties, demand reduction and supply reduction, and there is discussion on policy directives to the UNODC and on strengthening the drug control mechanism. The CoW holds preliminary discussions on resolutions before they are finalized and transferred to the Plenary. It is an opportunity for participants to discuss technical issues in greater depth. The CND Chairperson normally oversees the Plenary, while the First Vice-Chairperson normally chairs meetings of the CoW.

Dates for 2019

Ministerial Segment: 14-15 March 2019
Regular 62nd Session: 18-22 March 2019
The work of the CND is divided into two parts:

- a **Normative Segment** where it considers proposals to make changes to the drug control regime under the Conventions, considers the reports from INCB and a number of thematic reports from UNODC, and deals with any emerging drug control issues. Under this segment it also fulfills any other mandates received from the General Assembly or ECOSOC - such as monitoring implementation of the outcome of the 2016 Special Session of the General Assembly on the world drug problem. Under this segment, the CND may hold round tables or other forms of dialogue to explore topics in greater detail.

- an **Operative Segment** where the CND functions as the governing body for the UNODC’s work on drugs, providing policy directives and guidance, reviewing ways to improve the working of the drug control machinery and considering administrative and budget issues


Furthermore, the CND session in March also comprises a number of side events organised by Member States, international organisations and/or NGOs. Informal drafting committees are often formed to work on draft resolutions to reduce the time required for detailed discussions in the CoW - but NGO representatives cannot attend these meetings. There is also a range of exhibitions and other side meetings and events throughout the week.

**Draft Decisions and Resolutions**

Draft decisions and resolutions are proposals submitted by one or more members of the Commission, or by a Member State representing a regional group, for consideration by the Committee of the Whole before adoption in the Plenary.

- **Draft decisions** are commonly used to recommend adoption by the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) of the report from the current session of CND and the Annual Report of INCB, and to request approval of the draft agenda for the next session of CND.

- **Draft resolutions** are commonly used to draw attention to a specific issue or area of concern and, based on the mandate of CND and UNODC, to call for action to respond to the identified problem by Member States, UNODC or other international organisations. It is not unusual for draft resolutions to call for civil society, including NGOs, to be involved.
Who can put forward resolutions to the CND?

Only UN Member States can put forward resolutions for adoption by the Commission. There is usually considerable negotiation over the wording whilst the Commission is meeting. But please see the next section for advice on how you can contribute to the drafting and negotiation of resolutions.

Draft resolutions will be posted on the CND documents website as soon as possible, so that they can be downloaded in advance. The Friday before the opening of the Commission is reserved for informal consultations between Member States where supporters are sought and problem areas are identified. Further negotiations then take place throughout the meeting. Revised drafts of the resolutions continue to appear during the week and can be obtained from the document distribution counter (outside of the Plenary room on the 1st floor of the M Building).

How are decisions made at the CND?

Traditionally the Member States attending CND make decisions and adopt resolutions by consensus. In practice no distinction is made between the states which are members and those which are observers. The only exception is for the scheduling of substances under the Conventions, where a vote is sometimes needed.

Other working arrangements used by the Commission

Regional Group meetings

Regional groups of countries usually hold meetings during sessions of the CND in an effort to agree on common positions. These are closed meetings only open to Member State representatives from the relevant region.

Open-ended working groups

These are formed to act on particular topics under the guidance of the Extended Bureau and usually based on a resolution of the Commission. These are usually closed meetings designed to produce reports and recommendations for consideration by CND. However some working groups hold Expert Meetings where selected NGOs are sometimes invited to provide input – often via the VNGOC.

Sub-commission on Illicit Drug Traffic and Related Matters in the Near and Middle East

Meets annually to coordinate regional activities directed against illicit drug traffic and to formulate recommendations to the CND. This is a closed meeting for representatives of relevant Member States.
Meeting of Heads of National Drug Law Enforcement Agencies

There are four regionally based meetings – in Asia and the Pacific, Africa, Latin America and the Caribbean, and Europe. Their role is to coordinate activities directed against illicit drug traffic within the respective region. These are closed meetings for representatives of the relevant Member States.
PART TWO: HOW NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATIONS CAN ENGAGE WITH THE COMMISSION

To facilitate NGO contributions, updates and communications, please contact info@vngoc.org to let us know:

- who will be attending on behalf of your organisation – name and e-mail address
- what side events you are organising – title, date, location
- if your organisation wants to make a statement and on which agenda item

The Role of the VNGOC

The Vienna NGO Committee on Drugs was established to help NGOs in their engagement with the international drug control organisations based in Vienna. As well as producing this Guide, it prepares a calendar of events for CND.

On the first floor of the M Building there will be tables where NGOs can display and distribute their publications. In the NGO lounge on the ground floor, room M0E27 (see below), NGOs can meet, work and prepare for their participation in the CND. There will be an initial briefing and coordination meeting at the start of the Ministerial Segment, 9 am on Thursday, 14th March (please check the information screens for the location). Additionally, there will be informal NGO Dialogues with the Chair of CND, the President of INCB and the Executive Director of UNODC, dates and rooms still to be decided.

Which NGOs may attend as observers at CND?

The following NGOs may attend the CND as observers:

- NGOs with general or special consultative status with ECOSOC
- NGOs on the ECOSOC Roster where the meeting is on a topic within their field of competence.

These attendance arrangements are established by ECOSOC Resolution 1996/31. In that Resolution, other modalities for participation can be used. To date no additional modalities have been adopted by the CND.

Each year, usually in late January, the Secretariat to the Governing Bodies (SGB) sends invitation letters to the NGOs with ECOSOC status (general, special or roster) that participated in the CND the year before. Receiving this invitation is not a guarantee that
you will be registered for CND, and no funding is provided by the Commission for NGO attendance.

Any NGO with a valid ECOSOC status can send a delegation. To register a delegation you have to send a letter of request for accreditation, signed by the head of the organization, to the Secretariat of the Commission (unodc-sgb@un.org) as soon as possible but no later than March 7, 2019 (one week before the start of the session). In addition, the Secretariat now requests each organization to also fill out a registration form⁹.

The letter must contain the following elements:

- Submitted on the official letterhead of the organization;
- State the title and duration of the session the organization wishes to attend, e.g. "[Name of NGO], in consultative status with ECOSOC, wishes to send the following members to attend the 62nd session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, including the Ministerial Segment, from 14th to 22nd March 2019 …";
- **Up to 10 people maximum can be accredited to the session per NGO**;
- List the name/s (FAMILY NAME, First Name) of the person/s who will represent the organization at the session and their respective email-addresses. Names of persons must appear exactly as they appear in their passports.
- The letter must be signed by the President or Chief Executive Officer of the organization.

Representatives will then receive an email asking them to upload their photo. Once the photo is uploaded, the badge can be pre-printed and made available for pick-up.

You need a CND conference badge to access the plenary session and the CoW, your annual VIC pass is not sufficient. However, if you are only attending side events or other meetings you can enter with your annual VIC pass or a visitors badge.

**My organisation does not have consultative status, can I still attend?**

You can attend if an NGO with ECOSOC status (general, special or roster) nominates someone from your organisation to be one of their representatives at the Commission. You can always ask an NGO you know which has consultative status to nominate

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you. A database of NGOs can be found at: http://esango.un.org/civilsociety/displayAdvancedSearch.do?method=search&sessionCheck=false

For example, you may find an organisation in your country which you know and which will nominate you as their representative, you may be part of a network who can assist, or you can contact organisations which seem relevant and discuss with them the possibility of you being nominated as their representative. As a representative of another NGO, you can only make statements at the CND with their explicit permission.

An increasing number of countries now also include NGOs on their delegations. We encourage NGOs to approach their government and request that an NGO be included on the national delegation.

What opportunities are there for NGOs to contribute to the work of CND?

NGOs are important contributors to local, national and international efforts to reduce drug related problems. The 2016 UNGASS Outcome Document adopted by Member States reflects the important role of Civil Society:

„We recognize that civil society… plays an important role in addressing and countering the world drug problem, and note that affected populations and representatives of civil society entities, where appropriate, should be enabled to play a participatory role in the formulation, implementation, and the providing of relevant scientific evidence in support of, as appropriate, the evaluation of drug control policies and programmes, and we recognize the importance of cooperation with the private sector in this regard;“

Wether or not you can attend the CND in Vienna, NGO’s can engage in a variety of ways:

Before the Commission meets:

It is valuable to know which government departments and ministries are represented on the delegation of your country, and the names and positions of the delegates. To assist with this, a list of participants from last years’ session can be found at: http://www.unodc.org/documents/commissions/CND/CND_Sessions/CND_61/Very_Final_Lop_61CND_V1801751_1.pdf

You may request to meet members of the delegation from your country in advance of the meeting of CND. It is important that you have the agenda and draft resolutions downloaded in advance so that you can contribute constructively and offer suggestions for improvement based on your experience. If you are meeting your country’s delegation in advance, you will be more effective if you do so in collaboration with a significant number of NGOs from your country. Meeting with the national delegation before CND will allow you to receive a briefing on the positions being taken, and to provide inputs.
Where can the documents for CND be found?

All the documents for the Commission, including draft resolutions, are uploaded when ready to: https://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/commissions/CND/session/62_Session_2019/session-62-of-the-commission-on-narcotic-drugs.html.

Propose a resolution through a Member State

There is no reason why an NGO cannot work with a Member State put forward a resolution, but it is important to start discussions with the Member State well in advance of the CND meeting. Resolutions themselves must be submitted one month before the start of the session (i.e. 14th February 2019). It is also worth remembering that draft resolutions often get substantially changed, or even dropped completely, as states negotiate positions with each other. NGOs can also lobby national delegations to add, amend or delete language in draft resolutions (see below).

When the Commission meets

It is important to remember that the Commission on Narcotic Drugs is a governmental body and not all governments are as open to the involvement of NGOs. Even governments who are supportive of NGO involvement can become frustrated with NGOs if they do not recognise that negotiations require compromise to make any progress, and that broader diplomatic contexts are also important. That said, there are many opportunities for NGOs to work with the Commission and to make a positive contribution to its work.

Where can the documents for CND be found?

A daily Journal in English and French, the list of participants, and any new drafts of resolutions can be collected from the main document distribution counter on the 1st floor of the M Building (outside of the Plenary room).

Provide expert advice and assistance to Member States as they negotiate draft resolutions

From Tuesday onwards, the Committee of the Whole (CoW) meets to discuss and negotiate amendments to the draft resolutions. On some (but not all) draft resolutions, regional groups such as the EU or GRULAC may agree a joint position. National delegations may also receive specific instructions from their Government, limiting the room they have for negotiating or agreeing compromise language. Delegations may also compromise on wording in one resolution to get better wording in another resolution. It is important for NGOs to understand the constraints on delegations and that negotiations take place within a wider diplomatic context than the CND alone.

Nonetheless, NGOs can make a valuable contribution through dialogue with Member States – although our participation in the CoW is strictly as observers and NGOs may not
make interventions. NGOs can offer alternative wording to the draft text as well as information and experience in support of draft resolutions or of specific amendments. Their knowledge and expertise can assist delegations as they negotiate but will be only one of the factors affecting these discussions. If the exact wording you wanted is not achieved, it is worth noting the progress which has been made in recent years, with an increasing number of resolutions concerned with demand reduction and alternative development.

**Make a written statement**

NGOs in consultative status with ECOSOC may submit written statements to the Commission. NGOs in general consultative status may submit written statements of up to 2,000 words. NGOs in special consultative status may submit written statements of up to 1,500 words.

A written statement is issued, unedited, in the language(s) as received (English, French or Spanish) from the submitting NGO. NGOs assume full responsibility for the content of their statements, which should fully uphold UN standards and avoid abusive language.

The deadline for written statements is normally two weeks prior to the session and all statements need to be submitted to unodc-sgb@un.org.

**Checklist for inclusion in the submission:**

- Contact information for the representative submitting written statements (name, mobile, email)
- Standing agenda item number of statement
- NGO's name as it appears in the ECOSOC NGO database, indicating consultative status in brackets (general, special), names of co-sponsoring ECOSOC NGOs
- List all non-ECOSOC NGOs supporting the statement (which will appear as a footnote to the statement title)
- Statement to be in MS WORD document format (Font Times New Roman 10 point)
- All submissions are final, no changes will be made afterwards

**Make an oral statement**

NGOs in general or special consultative status may make an oral statement during the Plenary sessions. NGOs on the Roster may put a request to the Secretariat to make an oral statement.

Prior to the opening of the Commission, NGOs wishing to register on the list of speakers are asked to send the name of the organization, the name (FAMILY NAME, first name) as well as the function of their speaker as well as the item under which they wish to speak.
This information should be sent to the Secretariat to the Governing Bodies at: unodc-sgb@un.org.

During the meeting itself, speakers need to register on the speaker’s list in the Plenary room at the conference officer’s desk before the item that they wish to address closes. The conference officer sits at the front of the Plenary room, immediately to the right of the main podium as you look at it from the body of the hall.

The list of speakers is established on a first-come first-served basis. NGO speakers are called after the list of member state and intergovernmental organisation speakers has been exhausted and there is no guarantee that they will be called because of the time constraints during the session. It is the responsibility of the NGO to follow-up with the speaker’s list and make sure they are available at the right time. A written copy of the statement should be provided in advance so that the translators have the text before them. It is also a good idea to have copies of the statement available so that they can be left on the distribution tables.

**NEW FOR 2019 MINISTERIAL SEGMENT!**

For the Ministerial Segment Plenary it is expected that many Member States will make statements and likely, many NGOs will not have the opportunity to make oral interventions due to the time constraints.

However, the CSTF will nominate two panelists for the Round Tables and another four civil society speakers that may have the opportunity to intervene from the floor (the interventions from the floor can not be guaranteed).

**Side Events**

Side events are meetings or panel discussions on topics relevant to the work of CND but outside the formal agenda of the Commission. They may be organised by Member States, intergovernmental organisations or NGOs in consultative status with ECOSOC. Official side events are held in one of the conference or meeting rooms of the United Nations, and there is also the possibility to hire the restaurant of the Vienna International Centre or rooms in the nearby hotels for unofficial events as well.

The Secretariat of the UNODC Governing Bodies has produced guidelines for side events. This is intended to avoid time clashes with formal meetings of the CND and to avoid side events overlapping. Facilities for side events will only be available between 9 and 10 am and 1 and 3 pm when the CND is meeting and each year there is a deadline for submitting a side event request.

For unofficial events you will need to contact the restaurant or hotel directly. The email of the VIC Catering Service Office is catering@unido.org.

Side events being held in conference or meeting rooms are usually listed in the daily Journal and on the TV monitors in the public areas. Other side events are not normally
listed. You will need to provide your own publicity material and make this available to
delegates. Please note that promotional material can only be placed on a designated
table next to the letter boxes. The **material placed there needs to be cleared by the**
Secretary of the Commissions prior to distribution by submitting it in electronic form
to [unodc-sgb@un.org](mailto:unodc-sgb@un.org) by Monday, 11th March 2019.

**To get the best from your side event the following is suggested:**

- make sure you plan a joint event, preferably with Member States, a UN body and
  other NGOs as co-sponsors.
- keep to the time slots of 50min
- liaise with the VNGOC and/or other larger NGO networks so that we can put
different organisations in touch with each other and try to ensure as many
  collaborative side events as possible
- try to make a clear link with the agenda of the Commission so your event can
  feed in directly to its work.
- work with the Civil Affairs Team of UNODC (ngo.unit@un.org) to plan and promote
  your side event.

**Provide publications**

There is limited space available for document distribution in the UN building, and no
exhibition space available for the display of posters and photographs without prior
arrangement.

The VNGOC has two tables for NGOs attending the CND to display their publications.
**Please note that publications and publicity materials cannot be distributed to**
Member States inside the rooms used by the Commission, except for at side events.

**Build relations with national delegations**

The Commission meeting may be one of the few occasions when representatives from
national governments have the opportunity to meet NGOs – especially those from outside
of their country or region. There is an opportunity for NGOs to build relations not only with
diplomats working in Vienna, but also with those developing and implementing policy and
practice in capitals. Meeting over coffee, lunch or at a side event or reception allows for
informal discussion and the chance to provide relevant information and assistance. It can
also provide the basis for future collaboration and partnership between NGOs and
Member States.

**After the Commission ends:**

As the annual focus for the development of international drug policy within the framework
of the United Nations, the session of the Commission is important. However, it is essential
to maintain contact and dialogue between the annual sessions of CND. All NGOs, whether or not you were able to attend the Commission, can work with your national and local government to implement the decisions, commitments and resolutions that all Member States adopted by consensus.

What you can do

• Download and read the 2009 Political Declaration and Plan of Action, the 2016 UNGASS Outcome Document as well as the outcome is agreed from the 2019 Ministerial Segment.
• Identify the policies and actions which are relevant to your work and to which you can contribute your experience.
• Build alliances with other NGOs including, for example, those concerned with health, young people, education, social development, crime prevention and community safety, as well as with those concerned directly with drug problems.
• Develop a common platform of actions which you want to take forward to reduce illicit/harmful drug use.
• Try to establish regular contact with relevant officials at national and/or local government level to review progress in tackling drug problems and identify areas requiring further attention.
• Build links with elected representatives to review results and advocate for appropriate resource allocation.
• Join the VNGOC and share your experiences!

These are just some ways in which NGOs can contribute to the work of the Commission. What is valuable is that NGOs push for, and contribute to, the development and implementation of policies and programmes which reflect the promises and commitments made by Member States.
PART THREE: PRACTICAL INFORMATION

Getting to the Vienna International Centre (VIC)

The easiest way to get to the VIC is by the U-Bahn, the underground train system of Vienna. From the city center take the line U1 (the red line) to Kaisermühlen / Vienna International Centre and leave by the exit for the VIC. You will need to go through the visitor’s entrance and a security check to get into the VIC. Once you are inside the VIC and have picked up your pass (see below), go to Entrance A and follow the signs to the M building.

A direct ‘Vienna Airport Lines’ bus also links the VIC and the Vienna Airport. Buses to the airport leave from outside of Gate 1 of the VIC every hour between 7.10 and 19.10. Buses to the VIC leave the airport every hour from 6.10. to 20.10 p.m. The bus takes around 45 minutes.

Collecting your pass

If you provided an e-mail address and up-loaded your photograph in advance, you will be able to collect your pass at Gate One. If you did not provide an e-mail address or upload a photograph you will need to register at the pass office, which is on the right-hand side after you enter Gate 1, and is open from 08:00 to 16:00. You will need to have your passport and your confirmation email from the CND to collect your pass. You must have a conference pass for the CND to attend the Commission (annual passes will not be sufficient), and you need to wear your pass at all times when in the VIC.

Bringing in documents for distribution

eaflets, booklets, books and posters for distribution can normally be brought in to the VIC. If possible, bulky items should be sent in advance and advice on this can be obtained from the Civil Affairs Section of UNODC (ngo.unit@un.org). It is also good practice to clear the arrangements for bringing in bulky items with the UN Security and Safety Service. To contact the Service you should write to:

It is possible to collect the passes already on Wednesday 13 March 2019, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Be prepared to queue if you collect your pass on Thursday, 14 March or on Monday, 18 March 2019.
Languages and Official Documents

The official languages of the United Nations are Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish. Official documents of the meetings will be made available in these official languages. In the Plenary and the CoW sessions of the Commission, simultaneous translation between the official languages will be provided.

As part of the Secretariat’s efforts to reduce expenditure and limit environmental impact through the digitization of conference materials and publications, only a limited number of pre-session documents will be available at the session. When in the VIC, have a look at [http://myconference.unov.org/](http://myconference.unov.org/) for information on the conference, the agenda and other useful materials.

NGO Lounge

There is an NGO lounge reserved by the UNODC Civil Society Team and the VNGOC, located in room MOE027 on the ground floor of the M Building. This is equipped with a PC, internet connection, printer and a projector for PowerPoint presentations. The NGO Lounge is a place where NGOs can work, meet each other or relax. **As it is intended as a general space for all NGOs attending CND, it cannot be used for private meetings.**

On **Thursday 14th March at 09:00**, an NGO briefing will be held (room tbc). This is where information about events can be shared and NGO activities coordinated. Copies of the daily Journal will be available to take away and all the documents of the CND will be available for reference. There will also be a listing of side events for the day, and of NGOs intending to make oral statement during particular agenda items.

Internet access

Apart from the NGO lounge, there are several locations in the VIC equipped with computers with internet access. The VIC also has open Wi-Fi (“Guest-VIC”) allowing internet access from your laptop or mobile phone.
Copying or printing documents

There are printers available in the VIC ‘internet corners’, but for any large scale printing it would be better to use a print shop in Vienna, e.g. „Repa NEO“ which is close to the VIC: http://www.repaneo.at/index.php?id=334&L=0%2522.

Cafeteria and Restaurant

Cafeterias selling coffee, tea, soft drinks and light refreshments (sandwiches, cakes, etc.) are available in the M Building, and on the 4th and 7th floors of the C Building. A cafeteria and restaurant serving hot food is also available, as you approach the F Building. The cafeteria is self-service and has a wide choice of food at reasonable prices. The restaurant is table service, is more expensive and it is wise to book a table for lunch. The phone number for making a reservation is +43 (01) 260 60 extension 4877.

Library service

Conference participants are welcome to use the United Nations Library services and facilities on the fourth floor of the E building (room number E0482). The Library is open from 9:00 to 17:00, Monday to Friday.

Bank

Banking services are available at the branch of Uni Credit/ Bank Austria, located on the first floor of the C building. Opening hours are from 09:00 to 15:00 on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and from 09:00 to 17.30 on Thursdays.

Post Office

Postal services are available at the post office located on the first floor of the C building.

Medical Services

Medical services are available from the clinic operated by the Joint Medical Service, located on the seventh floor of the F building (extension 22224 and, for emergencies, extension 22222). The clinic is open from 08:30 to 12:00 and from 14:00 to 16.30 daily, except on Thursdays when it is open from 08:30 to 12:00 and from 14:00 to 15:00. For medical emergency assistance at other times, please contact staff in the Security Duty Room (room F0E21, extension 3903).

Lost and Found

Inquiries for any items that are reported lost within the Vienna International Centre (VIC) premises should be made at the UNSSS Security Operations Centre, Room FOE18 (opposite the VIC Cafeteria). Telephone extensions 3903 or 3904.
YOUR CHECKLIST

➡️ Try to arrange a meeting with your national delegation before CND to discuss the agenda and draft resolutions

➡️ Apply for your visa well ahead of your travel dates. The VNGOC can provide invitation letters to support your application.

➡️ Make sure an ECOSOC-accredited NGO registers you as a delegate and sends a registration email, letter and form to unodc-sgb@un.org

➡️ Make sure you have an e-mail from the Secretariat confirming your registration

➡️ Upload your photograph to the website

➡️ Book your flight and accommodation as soon as possible, both can get busy (and expensive) because of UN meetings

➡️ Let the VNGOC know you will be attending (info@vngoc.org) so we can keep you informed of developments

➡️ Let the VNGOC know if you will be holding a side event so we can publicise it (info@vngoc.org)

➡️ Download to your laptop/tablet the CND documents or bring a copy with you

➡️ Take your passport and letter nominating you as an observer to CND from an ECOSOC NGO when you collect your pass

➡️ Try to arrange a meeting with your national delegation after CND to discuss follow-up on the Action Plan and resolutions

➡️ Let the VNGOC know how you found the meeting, and any feedback that you have.
# PART FOUR: USEFUL LINKS AND CONTACTS

## Useful Links

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Useful Links</th>
<th>Links</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PostUNGASS 2016 Website &amp; Twitter</td>
<td>[<a href="http://www.unodc.org/postungass2016/">http://www.unodc.org/postungass2016/</a>, @ungass2016](<a href="http://www.unodc.org/postungass2016/">http://www.unodc.org/postungass2016/</a>, @ungass2016)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Key Contacts</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Secretariat of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs</strong></td>
<td><a href="mailto:unodc-sgb@un.org">unodc-sgb@un.org</a></td>
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<td><strong>UNODC Civil Society Team</strong></td>
<td><a href="mailto:ngo.unit@un.org">ngo.unit@un.org</a></td>
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<td><strong>VNGOC</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Civil Society Task Force on Drugs</strong></td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@cstfondrugs.org">info@cstfondrugs.org</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>NYNGOC</strong></td>
<td><a href="mailto:newyorkNGOC@gmail.com">newyorkNGOC@gmail.com</a></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>CoNGO Vienna</strong></td>
<td><a href="mailto:congovie@ngocomo.org">congovie@ngocomo.org</a></td>
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PART FIVE:
VOLUNTARY CODE OF CONDUCT FOR NGOS AT THE CND

NGO engagement at the Commission on Narcotic Drugs (and related meetings) has improved dramatically over the past decade – including in terms of the numbers attending, the opportunities to interact and participate, and the levels of experience and professionalism of the NGOs themselves. However, the heightened presence of civil society brings greater scrutiny and expectations of our conduct, and a continuing need to justify and demonstrate the role that NGOs can and should play in the response to the world drug problem.

This draft document has been designed to support the effective and productive engagement of NGOs at the CND and other related meetings. It is intended to provide guidance, rather than attempt to censor NGO representatives. This Code of Conduct will also be discussed further at the VNGOC General Meeting, scheduled for Tuesday 19th March 2019.

» Respect

The NGOs that engage at the Commission come from a broad range of viewpoints, beliefs and perspectives. The VNGOC considers this to be a strength of our sector, and something to embrace alongside the aspects that unite us. But it also presents challenges. The Commission is an opportunity to liaise with others, discuss views in a professional manner, and learn about the work that others are doing. Attend other NGOs’ side events, read other NGOs’ materials, listen to other NGOs’ statements. But, crucially, please treat everyone with respect and courtesy throughout the Commission meeting – even if their views run counter to your own. Confrontation, abuse or conflict only serves to undermine civil society engagement at large.

» Professionalism

The Commission is the workplace for the diplomats serving their governments during negotiations, and NGOs – as observers to the meeting – must respect their work and recognise that negotiations require compromises and diplomacy, especially as the Commission continues to adopt a consensus-based decision-making model. Positions taken by government delegations may be dictated by authorities in the capital or may reflect broader geopolitical concerns and contexts beyond the drug policy debates. NGOs have a great deal to offer to the discussions in Vienna, but should be polite and professional in all interactions with governments. The same applies for all UN representatives, security staff and other officials. Please also make it clear in all interactions that you are representing an NGO.

» Avoid ‘Naming and Shaming’

NGOs help to bridge the gap between international and national debates, and often bring the reality from the ground into the discussions. Often, this means providing a critique of drug policies at the local level, and informing the Commission of some of the challenges
that remain. This is entirely appropriate, and part of the unique added value that civil society offers.

However, it is important to be diplomatic in the messages that we deliver at a multilateral setting such as the Commission. All government delegations reflect negatively on interventions which ‘name and shame’ governments or agencies, and especially when interventions make accusations and defamatory statements, or are off-topic for the Commission. For the NGO, this ultimately means that such interventions are less impactful than if the same message had been delivered in a more measured way.

Linked to this, side events may not focus specifically on one Member State without their engagement, and should avoid naming countries in the titles. Furthermore, NGO materials which focus critically on just one government should not be disseminated at the Commission. When claims and statements are made about drug policies at the local level – such as in oral or written statements or printed materials – these must be backed by reputable and credible evidence.

» B r i n g i n g M a t e r i a l s

Space for documents and materials is limited and tightly controlled at the Commission. Every year, the VNGOC secures a large exhibition space for NGOs to display their materials, reports and flyers. In addition for the need for diplomacy (see above), NGOs are asked to be mindful of the space available, and the high demand for this space – with in excess of 90 NGOs now attending the Commission every March. Please be selective and pragmatic when deciding which publications to bring, and how many copies – especially for bulkier documents. When finding space on the NGO tables in the M Building, please do not remove or cover other NGOs’ documents. If there are any problems, please notify the VNGOC.

» ‘Use’ the VNGOC

The Vienna NGO Committee is in place to support NGO participation, and as such we can help to resolve any problems that arise during the Commission meetings. As such, we encourage all NGOs – whether members of the VNGOC or not – to maintain open communication with the Committee, and to ask for advice or information whenever needed. The VNGOC can help to work with UNODC and Member States to resolve any difficulties that arise. The VNGOC can be reached at info@vngoc.org, or you can speak to any of the elected VNGOC Officers.

Thank you for your consideration of the guidance and code above, and the VNGOC looks forward to seeing you all in Vienna.

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10 This is a requirement in the side event guidelines issued by the Secretariat to the Governing Bodies: https://www.unodc.org/documents/commissions/CND_CCPCJ_joint/Side_Events/2019/Guidelines_Side_Events_2019.pdf
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Full Form</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCPCJ</td>
<td>Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice</td>
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<td>CND</td>
<td>Commission on Narcotic Drugs</td>
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<tr>
<td>CoNGO</td>
<td>Conference of NGOs in Consultative Relationship with the United Nations</td>
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<td>CoW</td>
<td>Committee of the Whole</td>
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<td>CSTF</td>
<td>Civil Society Task Force on Drugs</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECOSOC</td>
<td>United Nations Economic and Social Council</td>
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<tr>
<td>EU</td>
<td>European Union</td>
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<tr>
<td>GRULAC</td>
<td>Latin American and Caribbean Group</td>
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<tr>
<td>INCB</td>
<td>International Narcotics Control Board</td>
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<tr>
<td>NGO</td>
<td>Non-governmental organization</td>
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<tr>
<td>NYNGOC</td>
<td>New York NGO Committee on Drugs</td>
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<tr>
<td>SGB</td>
<td>Secretariat of the Governing Bodies/ Secretariat of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs</td>
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<td>UN</td>
<td>United Nations</td>
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<td>UNGASS 2016</td>
<td>United Nations General Assembly Special Session on the world drug problem</td>
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<td>United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime</td>
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<td>Vienna NGO Committee on Drugs</td>
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<tr>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>World Health Organization</td>
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We would welcome your feedback on this Guide. Please let us know how we can make it better and more useful for NGOs and CSOs so that they can contribute most effectively to the work of CND.

Send your suggestions and comments to info@vngoc.org

We look forward to hearing from you.